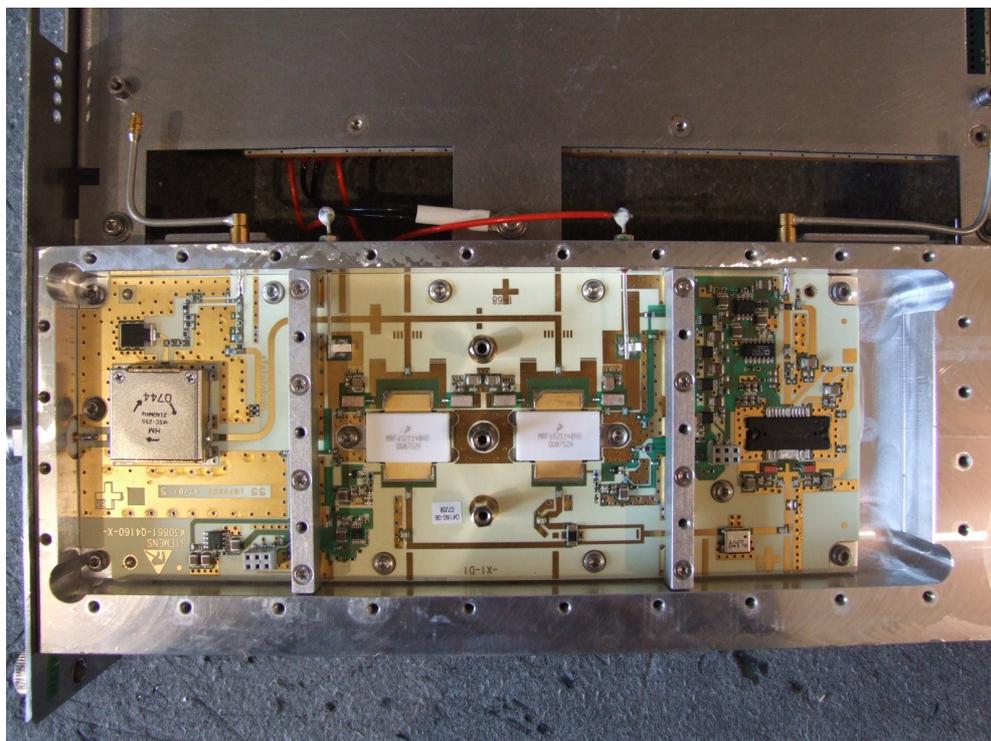
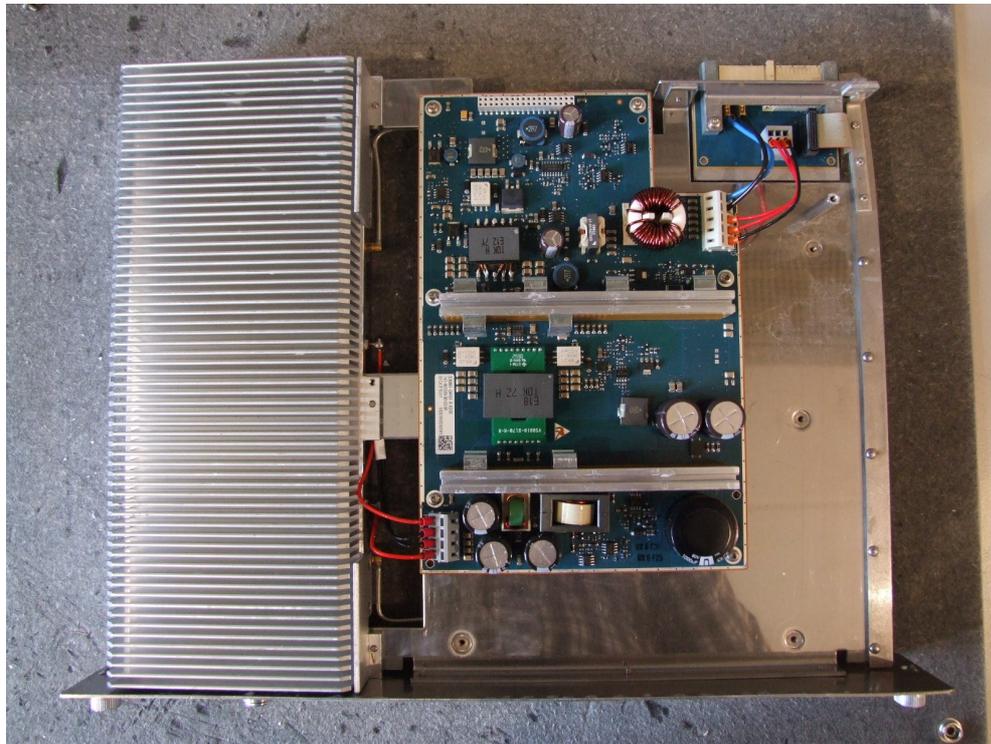


Modificatie Siemens 2140MHz eindtrap voor de 13cm amateurband.

Het betreft dit type eindtrap.

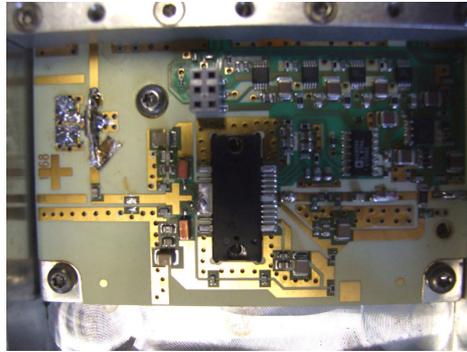
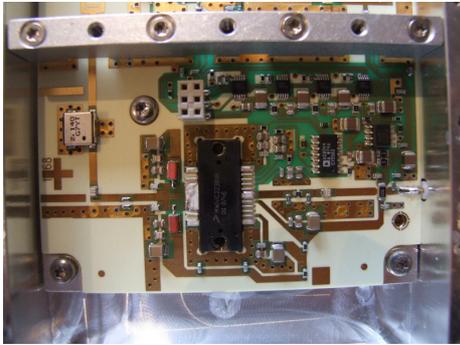


In de rechtse sectie bevindt zich een preamplifier module MW4IC2230NB met onderaan links een selectieve component op 2140MHz.

In de middensectie bevindt zich 2x MRF6S21140HS.

In de linkse sectie bevindt zich de output isolator (2140MHz).

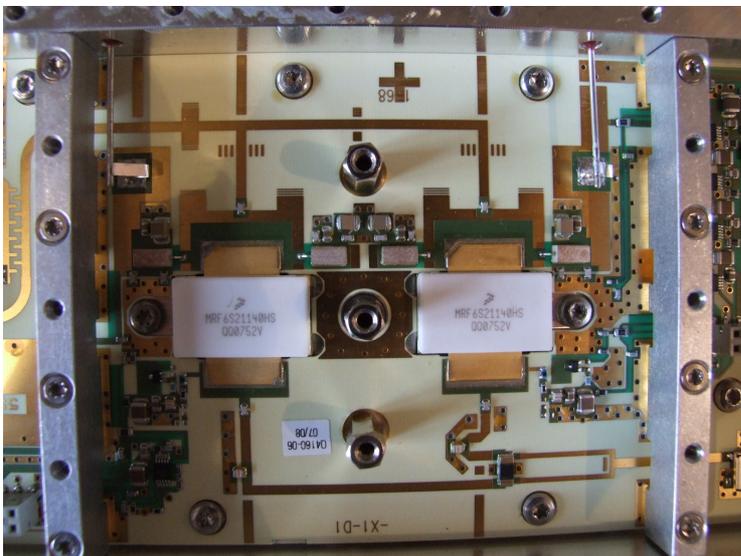
Preamplifier sectie



Aan de ingang zit een verzwakker circuit van ongeveer 8dB. Kan desgewenst verwijderd worden. Aan de uitgang zit de selectieve component op 2140MHz. Deze wordt vervangen door een stukje semi-rigid. Er werd een stukje latoenkoper geplaatst om de doorlaatband te optimaliseren.

De rechtse foto toont de modificatie. De verzwakker zit er nog in. De metingen zijn gebeurd met de verzwakker eruit.

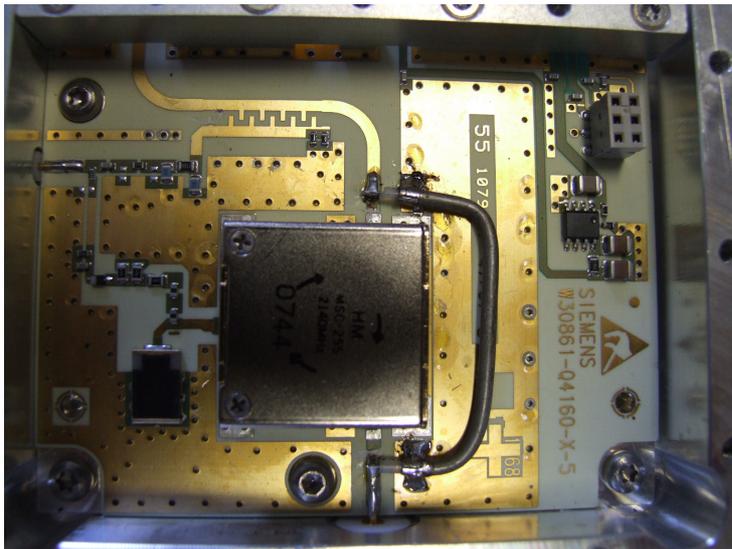
2x MRF6S21140HS sectie



Deze is ongewijzigd gebleven.

Output sectie

In en out van de isolator werden onderbroken en overbrugd met een stukje semi-rigid coax.



Metingen

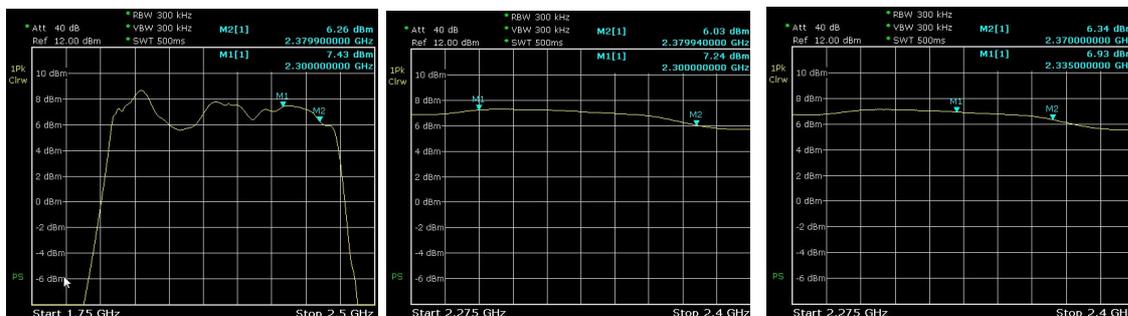
Eindtrap wordt gevoed door een Ericsson voeding 28V/25A. Deze geeft 27.3V en er werd een max stroom van 9.7A genoteerd.

Op de output van de versterker zit een directional coupler afgesloten met een dummyload.

Op de forward power poort zit een verzwakker. De totale verzwakking voor de spectrum analyser is 37.5dB. Een gemeten waarde van 7dBm is in werkelijkheid 44.5dBm.

Het aangeboden signaal van de tracking generator is 0dBm (maximum).

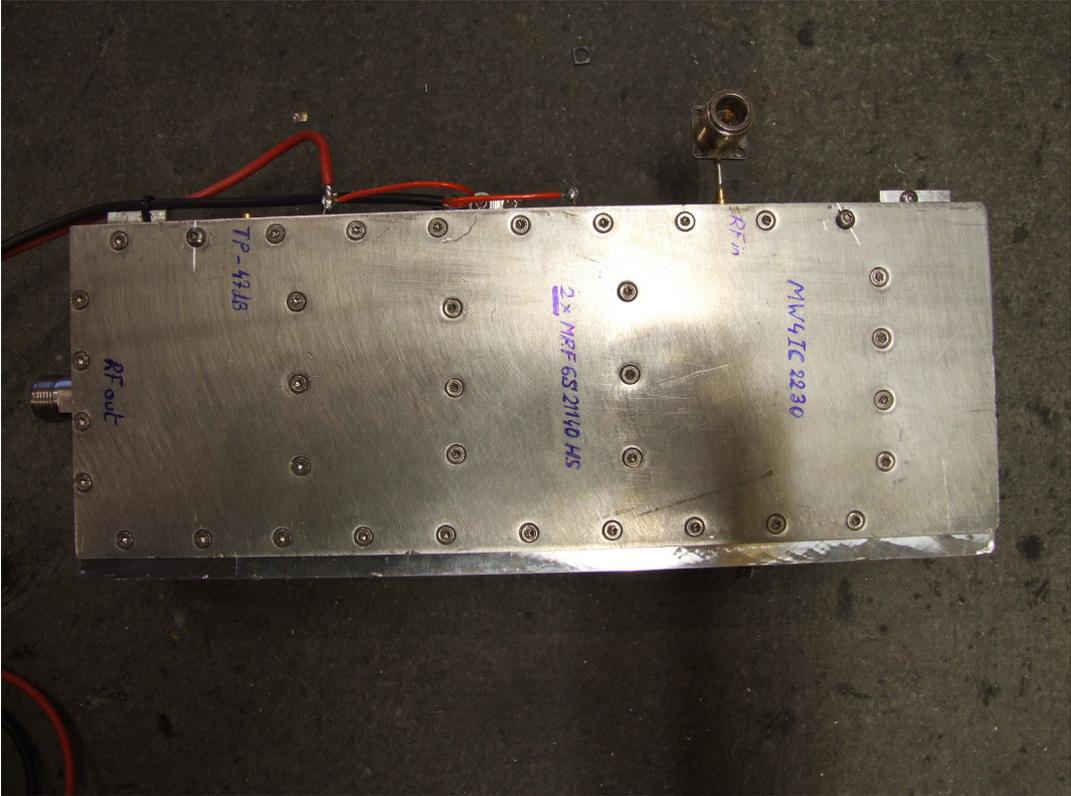
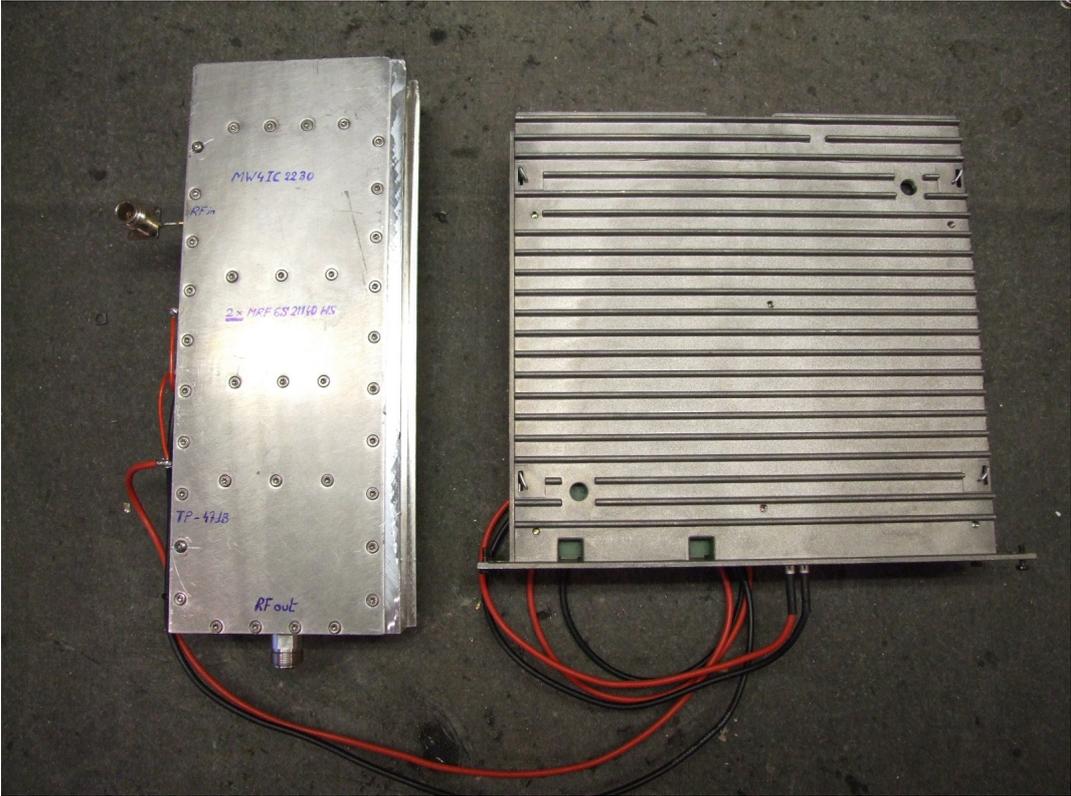
De versterker doet dus +/- 44dB.



Tevens werd de eindtrap volledig in saturatie gestuurd door een 17dBm FM TV signaal aan de ingang aan te bieden.

2300MHz → 80W ; 2330MHz → 60W ; 2365MHz → 60W ; 2380MHz → 50W.

De eindtrap + de voeding



The Wideband IC Line

RF LDMOS Wideband Integrated Power Amplifiers

The MW4IC2230 wideband integrated circuit is designed for W-CDMA base station applications. It uses Motorola's newest High Voltage (26 to 28 Volts) LDMOS IC technology and integrates a multi-stage structure. Its wideband On-Chip design makes it usable from 1600 to 2400 MHz. The linearity performances cover all modulations for cellular applications: GSM, GSM EDGE, TDMA, CDMA and W-CDMA.

Final Application

Typical Single-carrier W-CDMA Performance: $V_{DD} = 28$ Volts, $I_{DQ1} = 60$ mA, $I_{DQ2} = 350$ mA, $P_{out} = 5$ Watts Avg., $f = 2140$ MHz, Channel Bandwidth = 3.84 MHz, Peak/Avg. = 8.5 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.

- Power Gain — 31 dB
- Drain Efficiency — 15%
- ACPR @ 5 MHz = -45 dBc @ 3.84 MHz Bandwidth

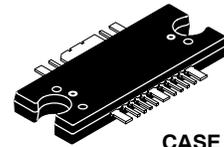
Driver Application

Typical Single-carrier W-CDMA Performance: $V_{DD} = 28$ Volts, $I_{DQ1} = 60$ mA, $I_{DQ2} = 350$ mA, $P_{out} = 0.4$ Watts Avg., $f = 2140$ MHz, Channel Bandwidth = 3.84 MHz, Peak/Avg. = 8.5 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.

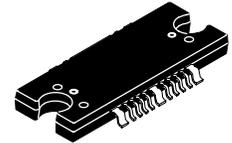
- Power Gain — 31.5 dB
- ACPR @ 5 MHz = -53.5 dBc @ 3.84 MHz Bandwidth
- Capable of Handling 3:1 VSWR, @ 28 Vdc, 2170 MHz, 5 Watts CW Output Power
- Characterized with Series Equivalent Large-Signal Impedance Parameters
- On-Chip Matching (50 Ohm Input, DC Blocked, >5 Ohm Output)
- Integrated Temperature Compensation with Enable/Disable Function
- On-Chip Current Mirror g_m Reference FET for Self Biasing Application (1)
- Integrated ESD Protection
- Also Available in Gull Wing for Surface Mount
- In Tape and Reel. R1 Suffix = 500 Units per 44 mm, 13 inch Reel

MW4IC2230MBR1
MW4IC2230GMBR1

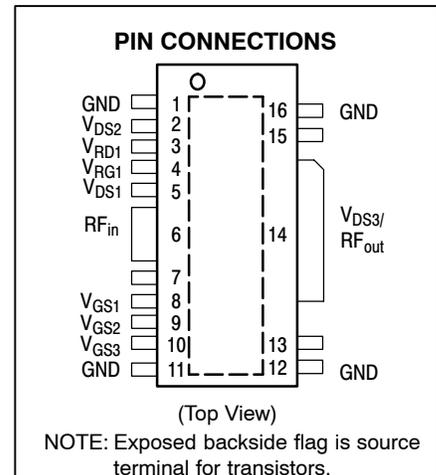
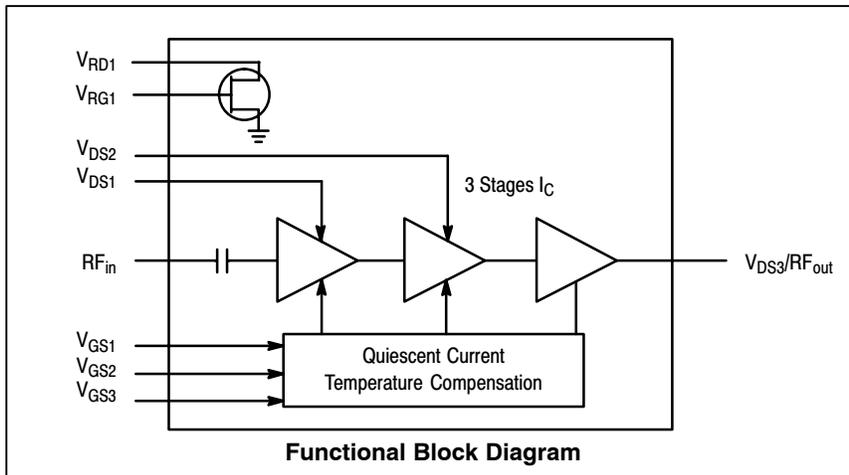
2110-2170 MHz, 30 W, 28 V
SINGLE W-CDMA
RF LDMOS WIDEBAND
INTEGRATED POWER AMPLIFIERS



CASE 1329-09
 TO-272 WB-16
 PLASTIC
 MW4IC2230MBR1



CASE 1329A-03
 TO-272 WB-16 GULL
 PLASTIC
 MW4IC2230GMBR1



(1) Refer to AN1987/D, *Quiescent Current Control for the RF Integrated Circuit Device Family*. Go to <http://www.motorola.com/semiconductors/rf>. Select Documentation/Application Notes - AN1987.

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DSS}	65	Vdc
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	-0.5, +8	Vdc
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-65 to +175	°C
Operating Channel Temperature	T_J	175	°C
Input Power	P_{in}	20	dBm

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Value (1)	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$		°C/W
Stage 1		10.5	
Stage 2		5.1	
Stage 3		2.3	

ESD PROTECTION CHARACTERISTICS

Test Conditions	Class
Human Body Model	2 (Minimum)
Machine Model	M3 (Minimum)
Charge Device Model	C5 (Minimum)

MOISTURE SENSITIVITY LEVEL

Test Methodology	Rating
Per JESD 22-A113	3

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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FUNCTIONAL TESTS (In Motorola Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) $V_{DD} = 28$ Vdc, $I_{DQ1} = 60$ mA, $I_{DQ2} = 350$ mA, $I_{DQ3} = 265$ mA, $P_{out} = 0.4$ W Avg., $f = 2110$ MHz, $f = 2170$ MHz, Single-carrier W-CDMA. ACPR measured in 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth @ ± 5 MHz Offset. Peak/Avg. Ratio = 8.5 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.

Power Gain	G_{ps}	29	31.5	—	dB
Input Return Loss	IRL	—	-25	-10	dB
Adjacent Channel Power Ratio	ACPR	—	-53.5	-50	dBc
		$P_{out} = 0.4$ W Avg.	—	—	
		$P_{out} = 1.26$ W Avg.	-52	—	
Stability (10 mW < P_{out} < 5 W CW, Load VSWR = 3:1, All Phase Angles, 24 V < V_{ds} < 28 V)		No Spurious > -60 dBc			

TYPICAL PERFORMANCES (In Motorola Test Fixture tuned for 0.4 W Avg. W-CDMA driver) $V_{DD} = 28$ Vdc, $I_{DQ1} = 60$ mA, $I_{DQ2} = 350$ mA, $I_{DQ3} = 265$ mA, 2110 MHz < Frequency < 2170 MHz

Saturated Pulsed Output Power ($f = 1$ kHz, Duty Cycle 10%)	P_{sat}	—	43	—	Watts
Quiescent Current Accuracy over Temperature (-10 to 85°C)	ΔI_{QT}	—	± 5	—	%
Gain Flatness in 30 MHz Bandwidth	G_F	—	0.13	—	dB
Deviation from Linear Phase in 30 MHz Bandwidth	Φ	—	± 1	—	°
Delay @ $P_{out} = 0.4$ W CW Including Output Matching	Delay	—	1.6	—	ns
Part to Part Phase Variation	$\Phi\Delta$	—	± 15	—	°

(1) MTTF calculator available at <http://www.motorola.com/semiconductors/rf>. Select Tools/Software/Application Software/Calculators to access the MTTF calculators by product.

(continued)

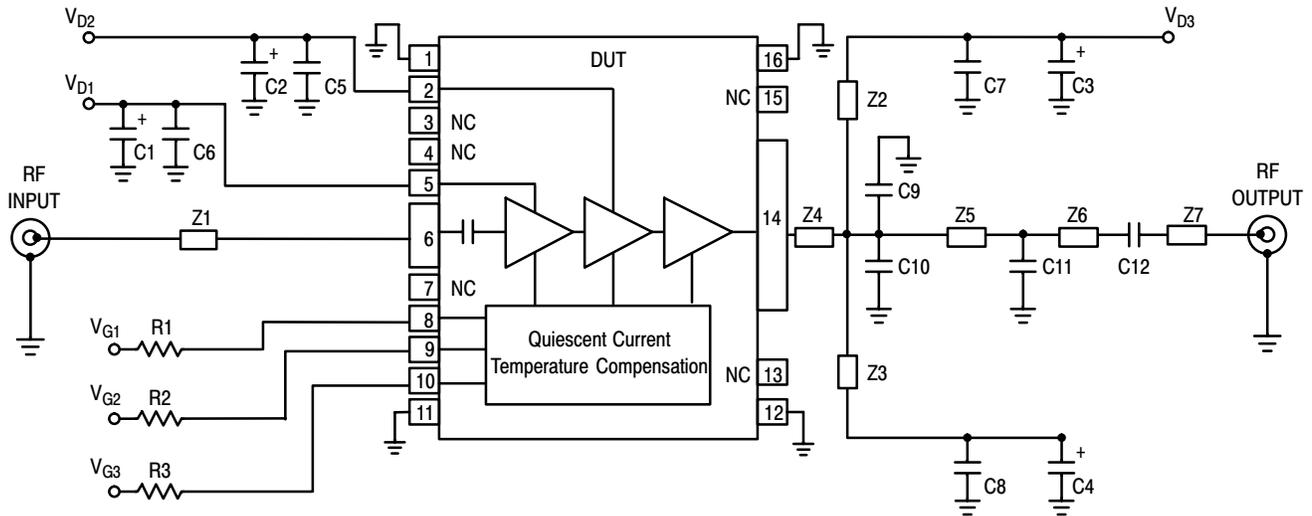
Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS — continued ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
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TYPICAL PERFORMANCES (In Motorola Reference Application Circuit tuned for 2-carrier W-CDMA signal) $V_{DD} = 28$ Vdc, $P_{out} = 0.4$ W Avg., $I_{DQ1} = 60$ mA, $I_{DQ2} = 400$ mA, $I_{DQ3} = 245$ mA, $f_1 = 2112.5$ MHz, $f_2 = 2122.5$ MHz and $f_1 = 2157.5$ MHz, $f_2 = 2167.5$ MHz, 2-carrier W-CDMA, 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth Carriers. ACPR measured in 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth @ ± 5 MHz Offset. IM3 measured in 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth @ ± 10 MHz Offset. Peak/Avg. = 8.5 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.

Power Gain	G_{ps}	—	31.5	—	dB
Intermodulation Distortion	IM3	—	-52	—	dBc
Adjacent Channel Power Ratio	ACPR	—	-55	—	dBc
Input Return Loss	IRL	—	-26	—	dB



- | | | | |
|--------|----------------------------|-----|--|
| Z1 | 2.180" x 0.090" Microstrip | Z6 | 1.120" x 0.090" Microstrip |
| Z2, Z3 | 0.040" x 0.430" Microstrip | Z7 | 0.340" x 0.090" Microstrip |
| Z4 | 0.350" x 0.240" Microstrip | PCB | Taconic TLX8-0300, 0.030", $\epsilon_r = 2.55$ |
| Z5 | 0.420" x 0.090" Microstrip | | |

Figure 1. MW4IC2230MBR1(GMBR1) Test Circuit Schematic

Table 1. MW4IC2230MBR1(GMBR1) Test Circuit Component Designations and Values

Part	Description	Part Number	Manufacturer
C1, C2, C3, C4	10 μ F, 35 V Tantalum Capacitors	TAJD106K035	AVX
C5, C6, C7, C8, C12	8.2 pF 100B Chip Capacitors	100B8R2CW	ATC
C9, C10	1.8 pF 100B Chip Capacitors	100B1R8BW	ATC
C11	0.3 pF 100B Chip Capacitor	100B0R3BW	ATC
R1, R2, R3	1.8 k Ω Chip Resistors (1206)		

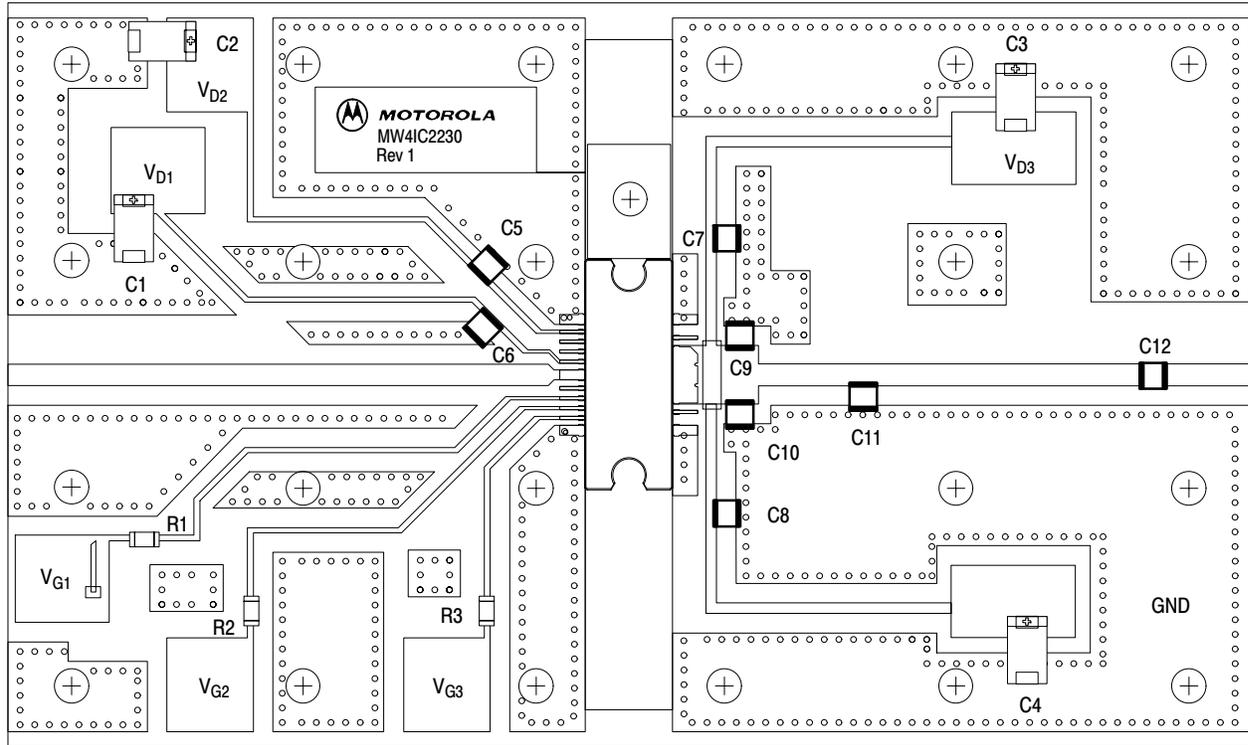


Figure 2. MW4IC2230MBR1(GMBR1) Test Circuit Component Layout

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

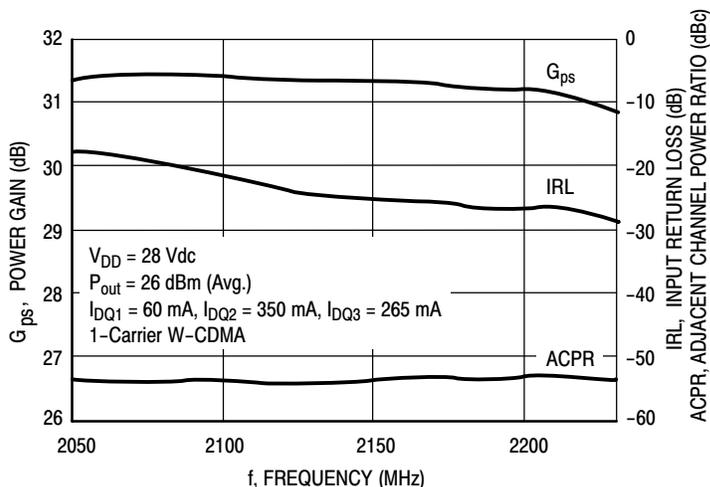


Figure 3. Single-Carrier W-CDMA Wideband Performance

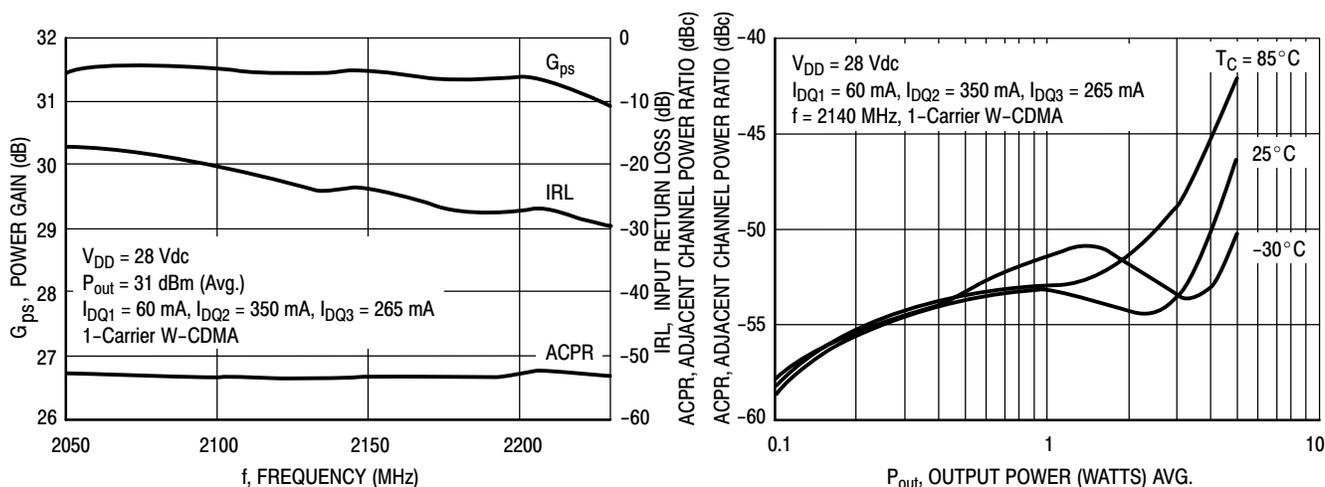


Figure 4. Single-Carrier W-CDMA Wideband Performance

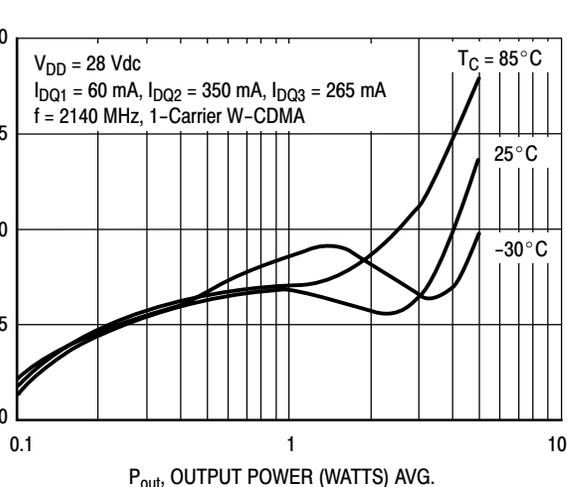


Figure 5. Adjacent Channel Power Ratio versus Output Power

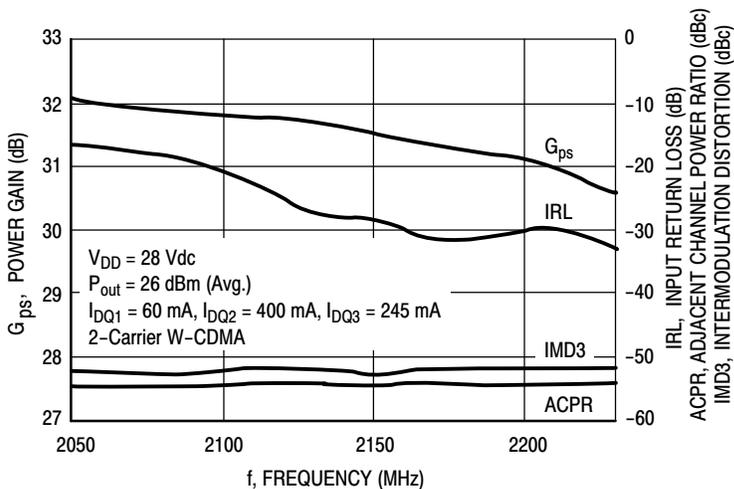


Figure 6. 2-Carrier W-CDMA Wideband Performance

Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

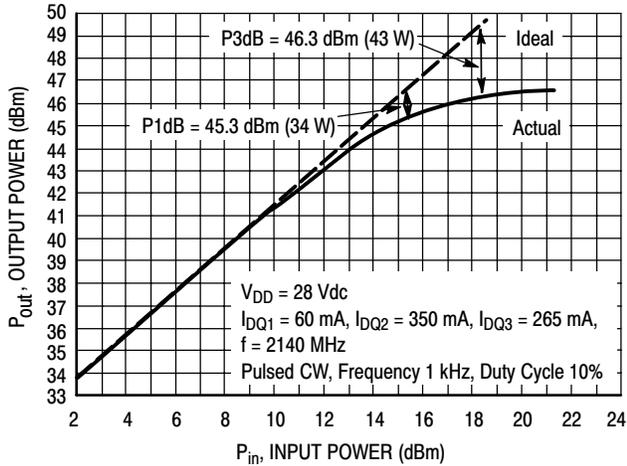


Figure 7. Output Power versus Input Power

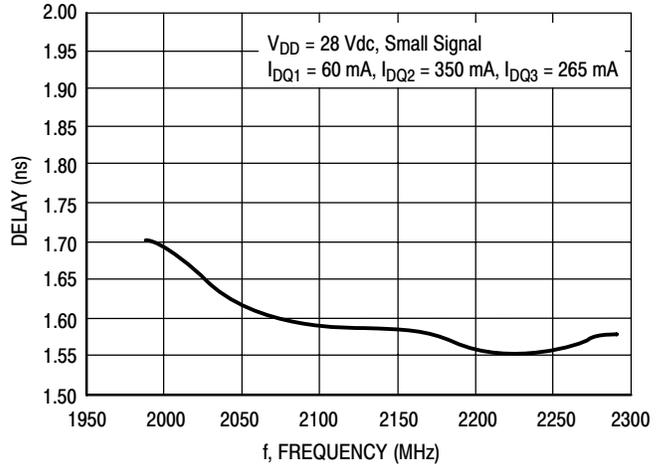
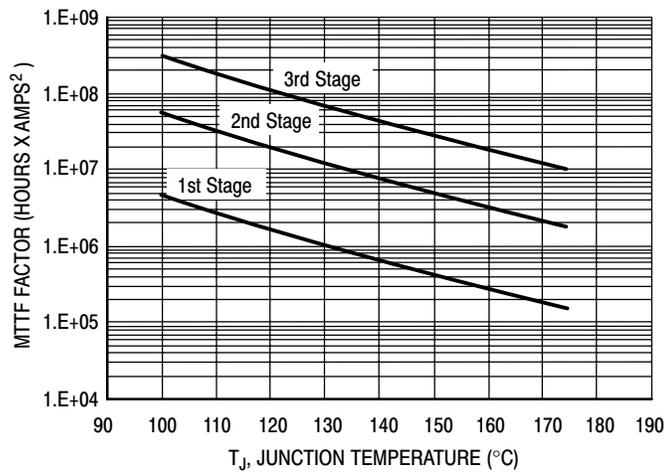
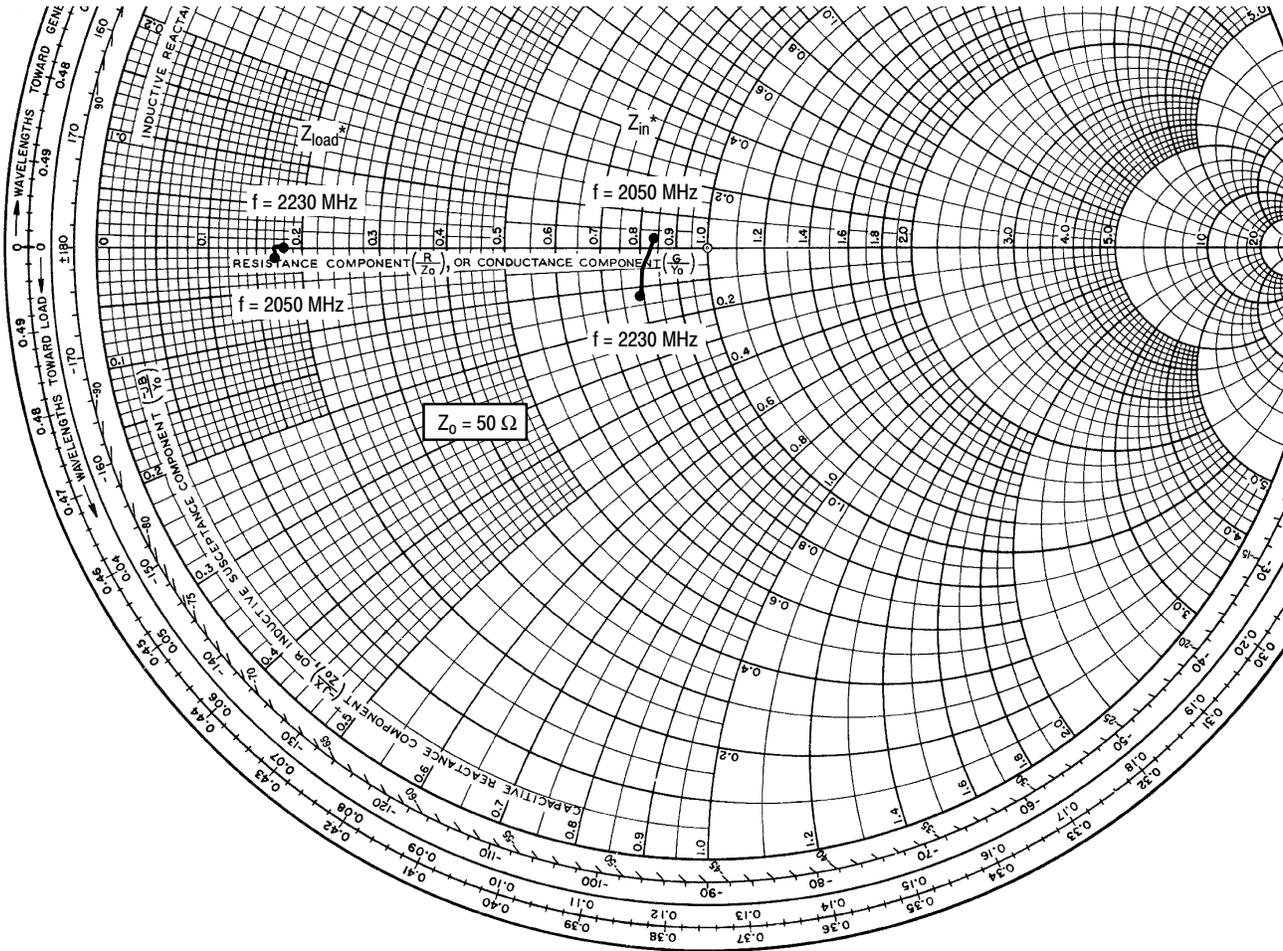


Figure 8. Delay versus Frequency



This above graph displays calculated MTTF in hours x ampere² drain current. Life tests at elevated temperatures have correlated to better than $\pm 10\%$ of the theoretical prediction for metal failure. Divide MTTF factor by I_D^2 for MTTF in a particular application.

Figure 9. MTTF Factor versus Temperature Junction



$V_{DD} = 28\text{ V}$, $I_{DQ1} = 60\text{ mA}$, $I_{DQ2} = 350\text{ mA}$, $I_{DQ3} = 265\text{ mA}$, $P_{out} = 26\text{ dBm}$

f MHz	Z_{in} Ω	Z_{load} Ω
2050	$42.18 + j1.49$	$8.52 - j0.46$
2110	$41.06 - j1.30$	$8.58 - j0.20$
2140	$40.49 - j2.42$	$8.63 - j0.09$
2170	$40.05 - j3.45$	$8.69 - j0.01$
2230	$39.29 - j6.31$	$8.81 + j0.04$

Z_{in} = Device input impedance as measured from gate to ground.

Z_{load} = Test circuit impedance as measured from drain to ground.

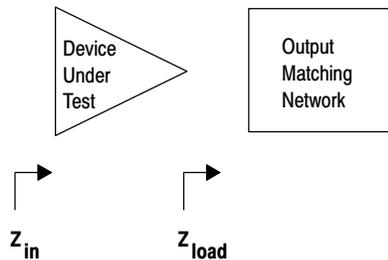


Figure 10. Series Equivalent Input and Load Impedance

RF Power Field Effect Transistors

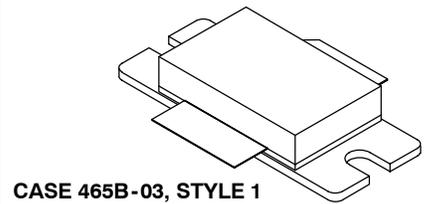
N-Channel Enhancement-Mode Lateral MOSFETs

Designed for W-CDMA base station applications with frequencies from 2110 to 2170 MHz. Suitable for TDMA, CDMA and multicarrier amplifier applications. To be used in Class AB for PCN-PCS/cellular radio and WLL applications.

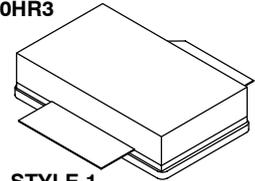
- Typical 2-carrier W-CDMA Performance: $V_{DD} = 28$ Volts, $I_{DQ} = 1200$ mA, $P_{out} = 30$ Watts Avg., Full Frequency Band, Channel Bandwidth = 3.84 MHz, Peak/Avg. = 8.5 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.
 Power Gain — 15.5 dB
 Drain Efficiency — 27.5%
 IM3 @ 10 MHz Offset — -37 dBc @ 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth
 ACPR @ 5 MHz Offset — -41 dBc @ 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth
- Capable of Handling 10:1 VSWR, @ 28 Vdc, 2140 MHz, 140 Watts CW Output Power
- Characterized with Series Equivalent Large-Signal Impedance Parameters
- Internally Matched, Controlled Q, for Ease of Use
- Qualified Up to a Maximum of 32 V_{DD} Operation
- Integrated ESD Protection
- Lower Thermal Resistance Package
- Designed for Lower Memory Effects and Wide Instantaneous Bandwidth Applications
- Low Gold Plating Thickness on Leads, 40 μ " Nominal.
- In Tape and Reel. R3 Suffix = 250 Units per 56 mm, 13 inch Reel.

MRF6S21140HR3
MRF6S21140HSR3

2170 MHz, 30 W AVG., 28 V
2 x W-CDMA
LATERAL N-CHANNEL
RF POWER MOSFETs



CASE 465B-03, STYLE 1
NI-880
MRF6S21140HR3



CASE 465C-02, STYLE 1
NI-880S
MRF6S21140HSR3

Table 1. Maximum Ratings

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DSS}	-0.5, +68	Vdc
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	-0.5, +12	Vdc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	500 2.9	W W/°C
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-65 to +150	°C
Operating Junction Temperature	T_J	200	°C
CW Operation	CW	140	W

Table 2. Thermal Characteristics

Characteristic	Symbol	Value (1,2)	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case Case Temperature 80°C, 140 W CW Case Temperature 75°C, 30 W CW	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.35 0.38	°C/W

1. MTF calculator available at <http://www.freescale.com/rf>. Select Tools/Software/Application Software/Calculators to access the MTF calculators by product.
2. Refer to AN1955/D, *Thermal Measurement Methodology of RF Power Amplifiers*. Go to <http://www.freescale.com/rf>. Select Documentation/Application Notes - AN1955.

NOTE - CAUTION - MOS devices are susceptible to damage from electrostatic charge. Reasonable precautions in handling and packaging MOS devices should be observed.

Table 3. ESD Protection Characteristics

Test Methodology	Class
Human Body Model (per JESD22-A114)	2 (Minimum)
Machine Model (per EIA/JESD22-A115)	A (Minimum)
Charge Device Model (per JESD22-C101)	IV (Minimum)

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Off Characteristics					
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ($V_{DS} = 68\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$)	I_{DSS}	—	—	10	μA
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Leakage Current ($V_{DS} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$)	I_{DSS}	—	—	1	μA
Gate-Source Leakage Current ($V_{GS} = 5\text{ Vdc}$, $V_{DS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$)	I_{GSS}	—	—	1	μA

On Characteristics

Gate Threshold Voltage ($V_{DS} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 300\ \mu\text{A}$)	$V_{GS(th)}$	1	2	3	Vdc
Gate Quiescent Voltage ($V_{DS} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 1200\text{ mA}$)	$V_{GS(Q)}$	2	2.8	4	Vdc
Drain-Source On-Voltage ($V_{GS} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 3\text{ A}$)	$V_{DS(on)}$	—	0.21	0.3	Vdc
Forward Transconductance ($V_{DS} = 10\text{ Vdc}$, $I_D = 3\text{ A}$)	g_{fs}	—	7.2	—	S

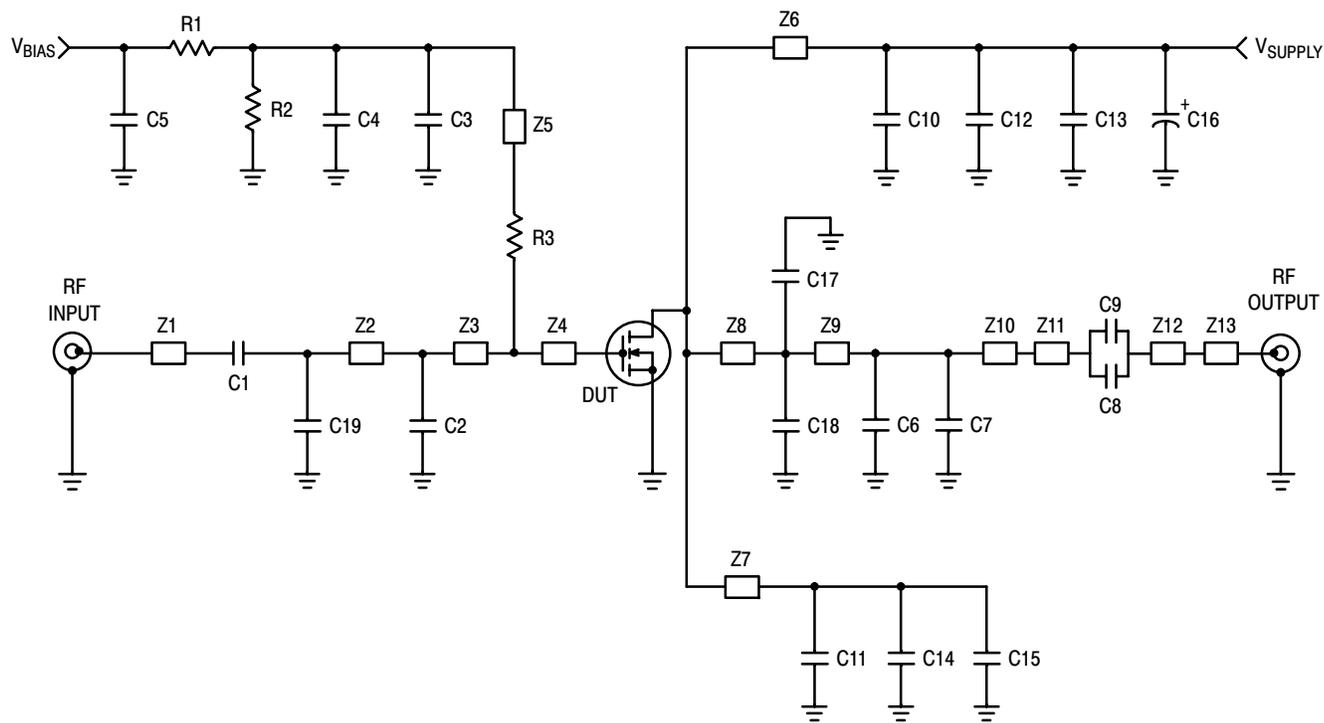
Dynamic Characteristics ⁽¹⁾

Reverse Transfer Capacitance ($V_{DS} = 28\text{ Vdc} \pm 30\text{ mV(rms)ac}$ @ 1 MHz, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ Vdc}$)	C_{rss}	—	2	—	pF
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Functional Tests (In Freescale Test Fixture, 50 ohm system) $V_{DD} = 28\text{ Vdc}$, $I_{DQ} = 1200\text{ mA}$, $P_{out} = 30\text{ W Avg.}$, $f_1 = 2112.5\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2122.5\text{ MHz}$ and $f_1 = 2157.5\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 2167.5\text{ MHz}$, 2-carrier W-CDMA, 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth Carriers. ACPR measured in 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth @ $\pm 5\text{ MHz}$ Offset. IM3 measured in 3.84 MHz Channel Bandwidth @ $\pm 10\text{ MHz}$ Offset. Peak/Avg. = 8.5 dB @ 0.01% Probability on CCDF.

Power Gain	G_{ps}	14.5	15.5	17.5	dB
Drain Efficiency	η_D	26	27.5	—	%
Intermodulation Distortion	IM3	—	-37	-35	dBc
Adjacent Channel Power Ratio	ACPR	—	-41	-38	dBc
Input Return Loss	IRL	—	-15	-9	dB

1. Part is internally matched both on input and output.



Z1	0.250" x 0.083" Microstrip	Z8	0.531" x 1.000" Microstrip
Z2	1.177" x 0.083" Microstrip	Z9	0.308" x 0.083" Microstrip
Z3	0.443" x 0.083" Microstrip	Z10	0.987" x 0.083" Microstrip
Z4	0.276" x 0.787" Microstrip	Z11, Z12	0.070" x 0.220" Microstrip
Z5	0.786" x 0.083" Microstrip (quarter wave length for bias purpose)	Z13	0.160" x 0.083" Microstrip
Z6, Z7	0.833" x 0.083" Microstrip (quarter wave length for supply purpose)	PCB	Taconic TLX8-0300, 0.030", $\epsilon_r = 2.55$

Figure 1. MRF6S21140HR3(HSR3) Test Circuit Schematic

Table 5. MRF6S21140HR3(HSR3) Test Circuit Component Designations and Values

Part	Description	Part Number	Manufacturer
C1, C3, C8, C9, C10, C11	6.8 pF 100B Chip Capacitors	100B6R8CW	ATC
C2	0.8 pF 100B Chip Capacitor	100B0R8BW	ATC
C4	220 nF Chip Capacitor (1812)	1812Y224KXA	Vishay - Vitramon
C5, C12, C13, C14, C15	10 μ F Chip Capacitors (2220)	C5750X5R1H106MT	TDK
C6, C19	0.2 pF 100B Chip Capacitors	100B0R2BW	ATC
C7	0.5 pF 100B Chip Capacitor	100B0R5BW	ATC
C16	220 μ F, 63 V Electrolytic Capacitor, Radial	13668221	Philips
C17, C18	0.1 pF 100B Chip Capacitors	100B0R1BW	ATC
R1, R2	10 k Ω , 1/4 W Chip Resistors (1206)		
R3	10 Ω , 1/4 W Chip Resistor (1206)		

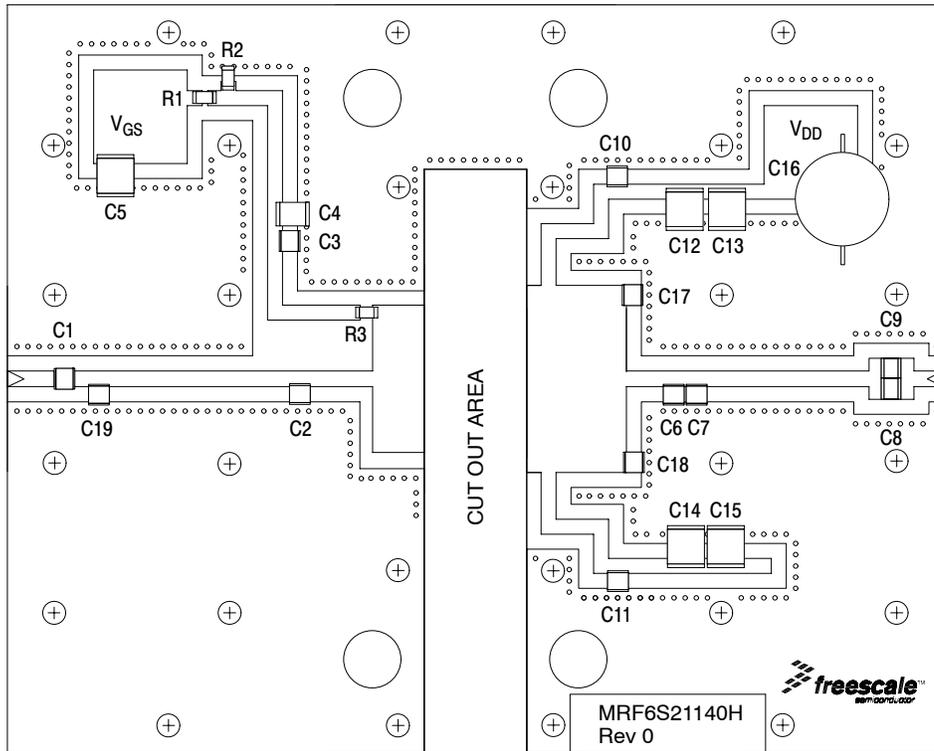


Figure 2. MRF6S21140HR3(HSR3) Test Circuit Component Layout

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

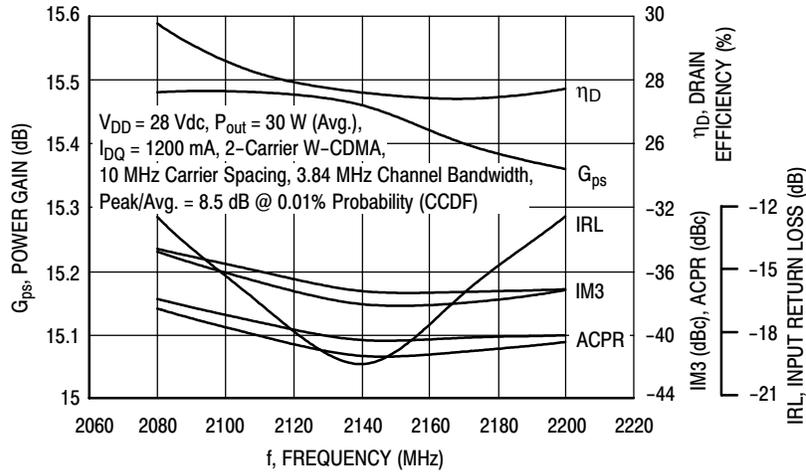


Figure 3. 2-Carrier W-CDMA Broadband Performance @ $P_{out} = 30$ Watts Avg.

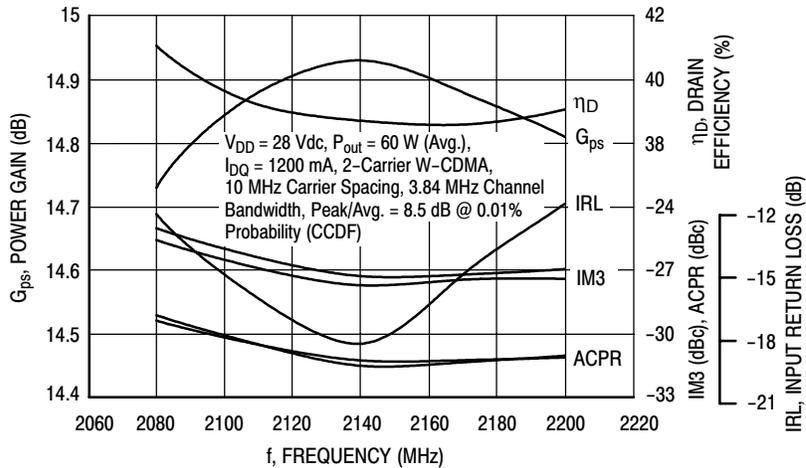


Figure 4. 2-Carrier W-CDMA Broadband Performance @ $P_{out} = 60$ Watts Avg.

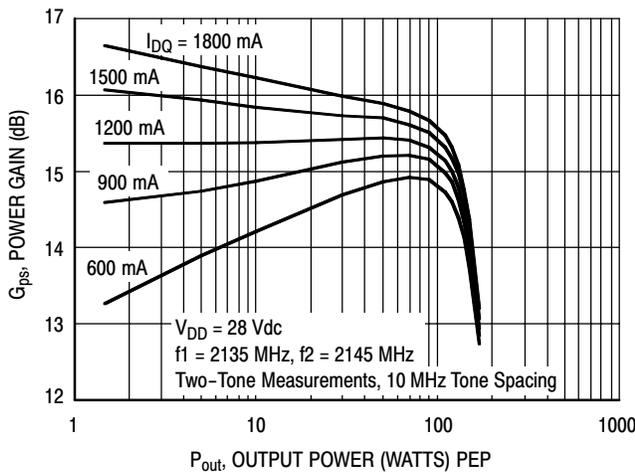


Figure 5. Two-Tone Power Gain versus Output Power

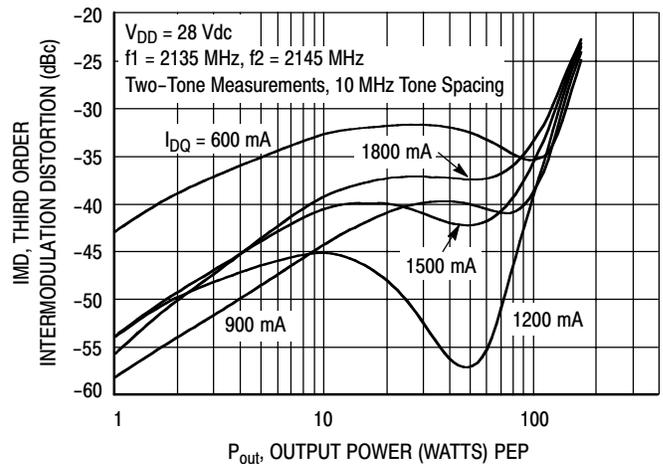


Figure 6. Third Order Intermodulation Distortion versus Output Power

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

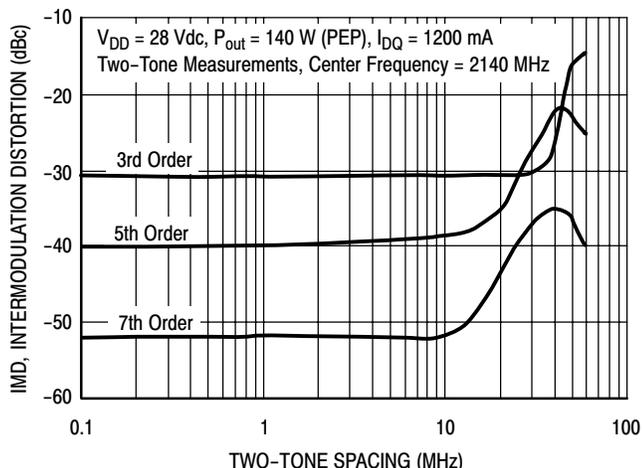


Figure 7. Intermodulation Distortion Products versus Tone Spacing

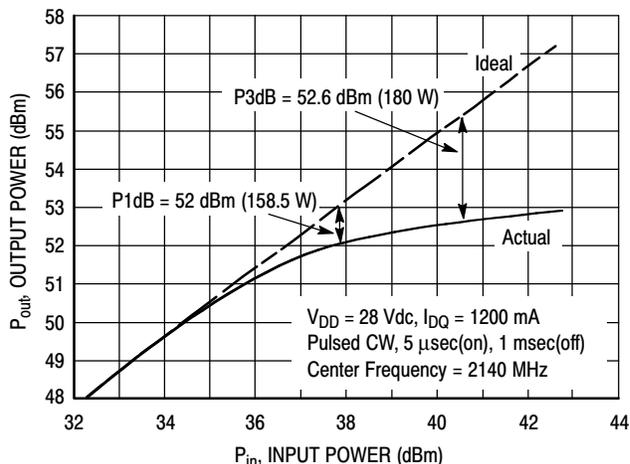


Figure 8. Pulse CW Output Power versus Input Power

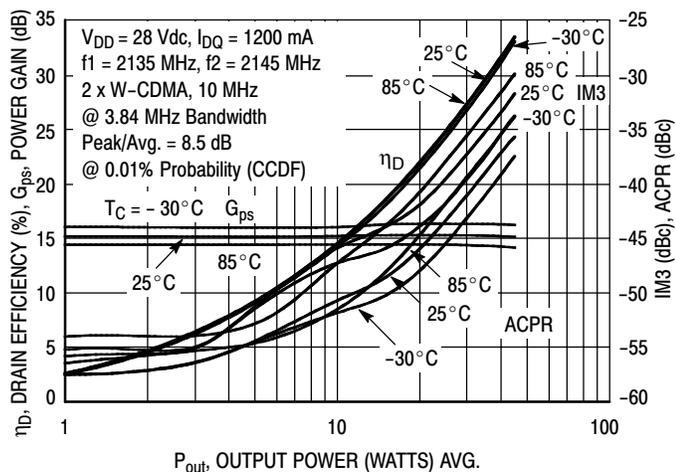


Figure 9. 2-Carrier W-CDMA ACPR, IM3, Power Gain and Drain Efficiency versus Output Power

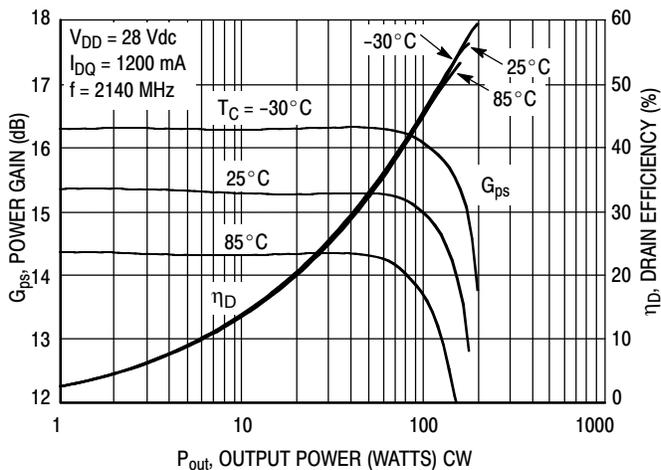


Figure 10. Power Gain and Drain Efficiency versus CW Output Power

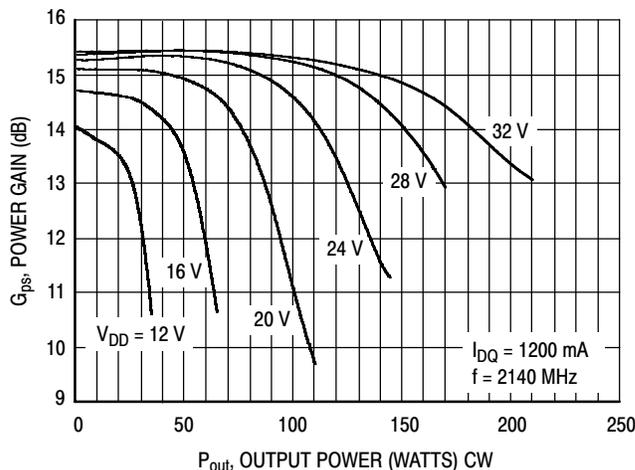
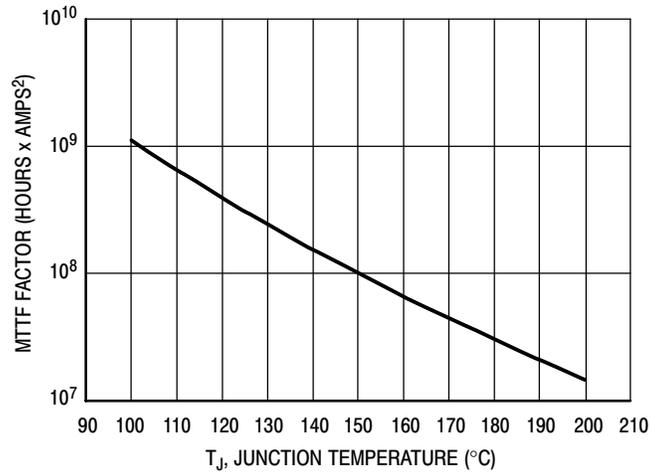


Figure 11. Power Gain versus Output Power

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



This above graph displays calculated MTTF in hours x ampere² drain current. Life tests at elevated temperatures have correlated to better than ±10% of the theoretical prediction for metal failure. Divide MTTF factor by I_D² for MTTF in a particular application.

Figure 12. MTTF Factor versus Junction Temperature

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS W-CDMA TEST SIGNAL

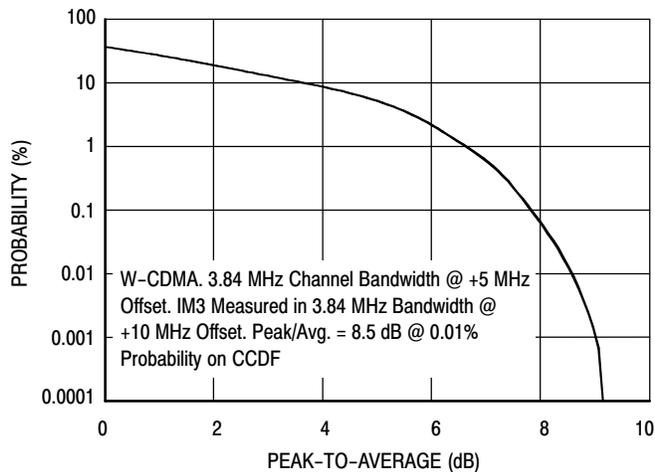


Figure 13. CCDF W-CDMA 3GPP, Test Model 1, 64 DPCH, 67% Clipping, Single-Carrier Test Signal

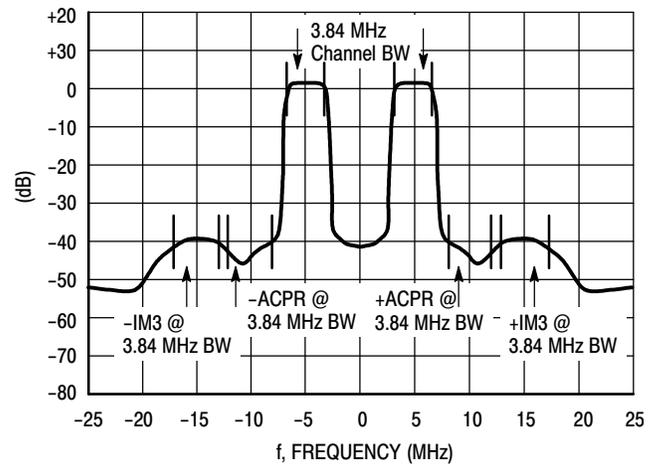
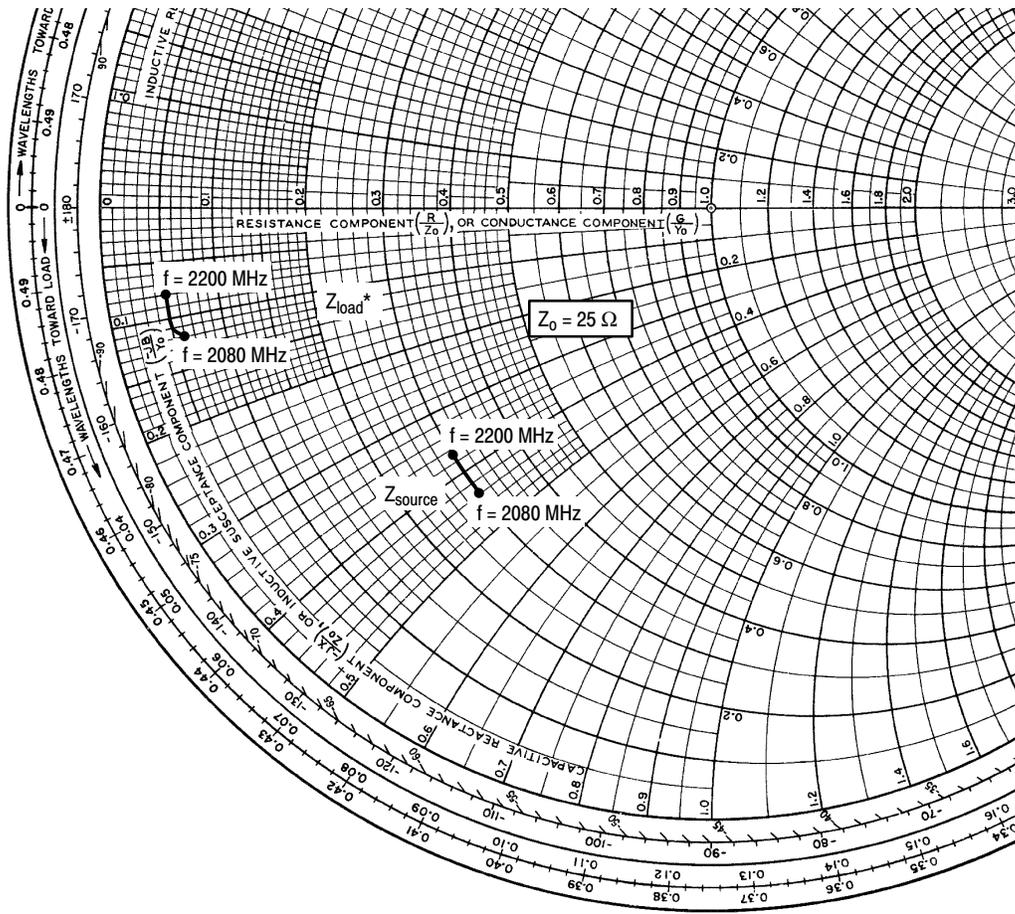


Figure 14. 2-Carrier W-CDMA Spectrum



$V_{DD} = 28 \text{ Vdc}$, $I_{DQ} = 1200 \text{ mA}$, $P_{out} = 30 \text{ W Avg.}$

f MHz	Z_{source} Ω	Z_{load} Ω
2080	$7.53 - j10.99$	$1.40 - j3.03$
2110	$7.57 - j10.67$	$1.37 - j2.78$
2140	$7.58 - j10.23$	$1.34 - j2.52$
2170	$7.51 - j9.73$	$1.32 - j2.28$
2200	$7.44 - j9.32$	$1.31 - j2.06$

Z_{source} = Test circuit impedance as measured from gate to ground.

Z_{load} = Test circuit impedance as measured from drain to ground.

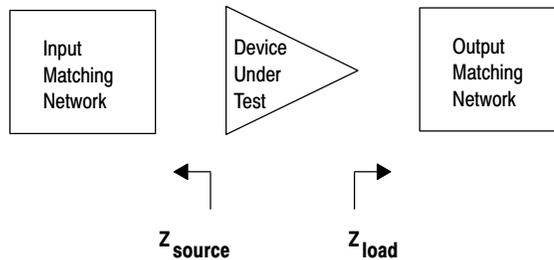


Figure 15. Series Equivalent Source and Load Impedance